CLAIMS

- 1. A curable polyester having at least one oxetanyl group at the molecular ends.
- 2. The curable polyester according to claim 1, which is obtained by transesterification of a compound (A) represented by the following formula (1):

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(wherein R^1 represents a hydrogen atom or an alkyl group having 1 to 6 carbon atoms, and R^2 represents an alkylene group having 1 to 6 carbon atoms), a compound (B) represented by the following formula (2):

$$R^3$$
-(COOR⁴)_n Formula (2)

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(wherein R^3 represents a di- to tetra-valent organic group, R^4 represents an alkyl or alkenyl group having 1 to 6 carbon atoms, and n represents an integer of 2 to 4) and a compound (C) represented by the following formula (3):

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R5-(OH),

Formula (3)

(wherein R^5 represents a di- to eicosa-valent organic group, and m represents an integer of 2 to 20).

3. A curable polyester having an oxetanyl group at both molecular ends according to claim 1 or 2, which has a structure represented by following formula (4):

(wherein ${\ensuremath{\mathsf{R}}}^1$ represents a hydrogen atom or an alkyl group

having 1 to 6 carbon atoms, R^2 represents an alkylene group having 1 to 6 carbon atoms, R^6 and R^7 each represents a divalent organic group, and 1 represents an integer of 0 to 50).

- 4. A cured product obtained by curing the curable polyester of any one of claims 1 to 3.
 - 5. A process for preparing a curable polyester, which comprises transesterifying a compound (A) represented by the following formula (1):

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$$R^1$$
 R^2 OH Formula (1)

(wherein R¹ represents a hydrogen atom or an alkyl group having 1 to 6 carbon atoms, and R² represents an alkylene group having 1 to 6 carbon atoms), a compound (B) represented by the following formula (2):

 $R^{3}(COOR^{4}), Formula (2)$

(wherein R^3 represents a di- to tetra-valent organic group, R^4 represents an alkyl or alkenyl group having 1 to 6 carbon atoms, and n represents an integer of 2 to 4) and a compound (C) represented by the following formula (3):

$$R^{5}$$
-(OH)_m Formula (3)

- 30 (wherein R⁵ represents a di- to eicosa-valent organic group, and m represents an integer of 2 to 20).
 - 6. A resist composition comprising the curable polyester of any one of claims 1 to 3.
- 7. The resist composition according to claim 6,
 wherein the content of the curable polyester is from 3 to
 50% by weight based on the resin component of the
 composition.

8. An ink comprising the resist composition of claim 6 or 7 and a colorant.

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- 9. A method for curing a resist composition, which comprises, performing pattern printing of the resist composition of claim 6 or 7 on a substrate, and curing a curable polyester of any one of claims 1 to 3 while melting with heating.
- 10. The method for curing a resist composition according to claim 9, wherein a heat melting or heat curing temperature of the curable polyester of any one of claims 1 to 3 is from 40 to 250°C.
- 11. A heat cured product of the resist composition of claim 6 or 7.
- 12. An insulation protective film comprising a cured product of the resist composition of claim 6 or 7.
- 13. An interlayer insulation film comprising a cured product of the resist composition of claim 6 or 7.
- 14. A print circuit board comprising the insulation protective film of claim 12.
- 15. A print circuit board comprising the interlayer insulation film of claim 13.
 - 16. A jet printing ink composition comprising the curable polyester of any one of claims 1 to 3.
 - 17. The jet printing ink composition according to claim 16, wherein the content of the curable polyester of any one of claims 1 to 3 is from 3 to 50% by weight based on the resin component of the composition.
 - 18. The jet printing ink composition according to claim 16, which comprises an epoxy resin (B) as the resin component other than the curable polyester of any one of claims 1 to 3.
 - 19. The jet printing ink composition according to claim 16, wherein resins in the essential component composition are dissolved in a solvent (C) or dispersed in the solvent (C).
 - 20. The jet printing ink composition according to claim 19, wherein the solvent (C) contains a solvent

component having a boiling point of 180 to 260°C and a vapor pressure at 20°C of 133 Pa or less in the amount of 60% by weight or more based on the total amount of the solvent.

21. A cured product obtained by drying and heating the solvent (C) of jet printing ink composition of claim 19 or 20.

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- 22. A method for curing a jet printing ink composition, which comprises, performing pattern printing on a substrate using the composition of any one of claims 16 to 20 according to an ink jet system, and curing the curable polyester of any one of claims 1 to 3 while melting with heating.
- 23. An insulation protective film comprising a cured product of the jet printing ink composition of any one of claims 16 to 20.
- 24. An interlayer insulation film comprising a cured product of the jet printing ink composition of any one of claims 16 to 20.
- 25. A print circuit board comprising the insulation protective film of claim 23.
- 26. A print circuit board comprising the interlayer insulation film of claim 24.